

Roadside Barriers - MASH Implementation Update & Design Lessons Learned

Richard Stepp and Derwood Sheppard



1. GUARDRAIL

Standard Plans, Index 536-001



Standard Plans, Index 521-001

3. PIER PROTECTION BARRIER

Standard Plans, Index 521-002







Design is generally governed by:

1. FDOT Design Manual (FDM)

https://www.fdot.gov/roadway/fdm/default.shtm

Roadway Design

Roadway Design / Roadway Criteria / FDOT Design Manual

FDOT Design Manual

Chapter Bulletin Webinar Description

215

Roadside Safety



Design is generally governed by:

2. FDOT Standard Plans

https://www.fdot.gov/design/standardplans/



Standard Plans for Road Construction									
Standard Plans Index	Interim Revision or Errata	Index Title	Design Standards Index	Standard Plans Instructions	Design Tools	Contact			
		Guardrail							
536-001	Errata	Guardrail	400	SPI	XLS	Roadway			
536-002		Guardrail Transitions and Connections for Existing Bridges	402	SPI		Roadway			



Design is generally governed by:

3. Standard Plans Instructions

https://www.fdot.gov/design/standardplans/



Standard Plans for Road Construction									
Standard Plans Index	Interim Revision or Errata	Index Title	Design Standards Index	Standard Plans Instructions	Design Tools	Contact			
		Guardrail							
536-001	Errata	Guardrail	400	SPI	XLS	Roadway			
536-002		Guardrail Transitions and Connections for Existing Bridges	402	SPI		Roadway			



Design is generally governed by:

4. Standard Specifications

https://www.fdot.gov/programmanagement/implemented/specbooks/default.shtm

Program Management

Program Management/Specifications

Standard Specifications Library



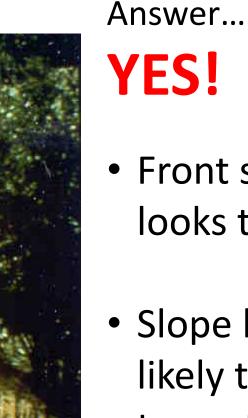






Grading: Any issues here?...





Front slope

looks too steep Slope break

likely too close to post

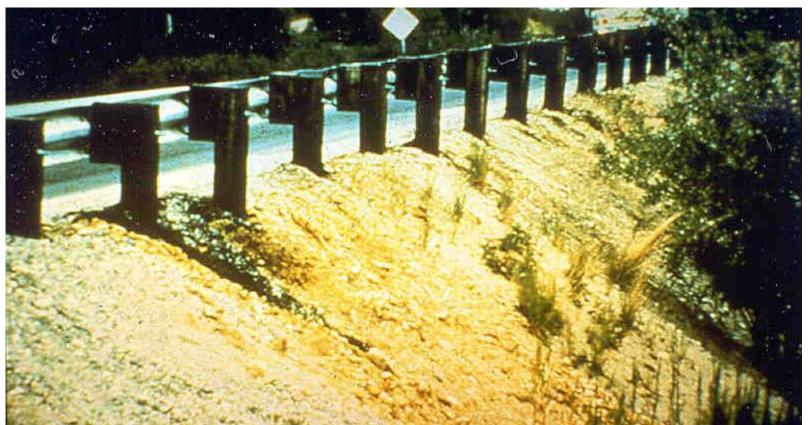


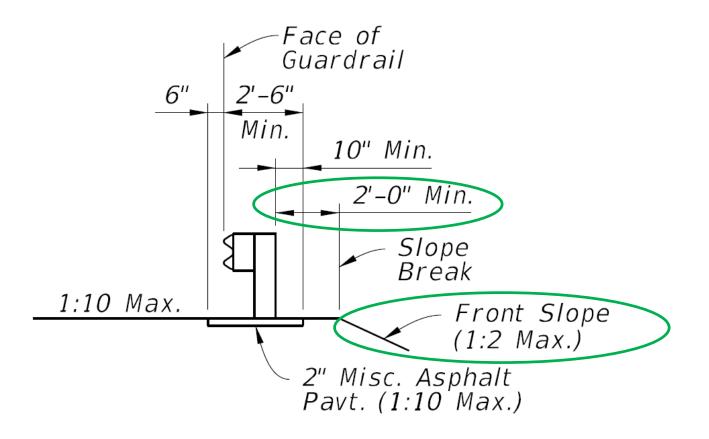
Photo Credit: Bill Fitzgerald, PE

KLS Engineering, LLC





Grading: 'Standard Post' Requirements



- Front slope must
 be 1:2 or flatter
- Slope break must be 2 feet behind post

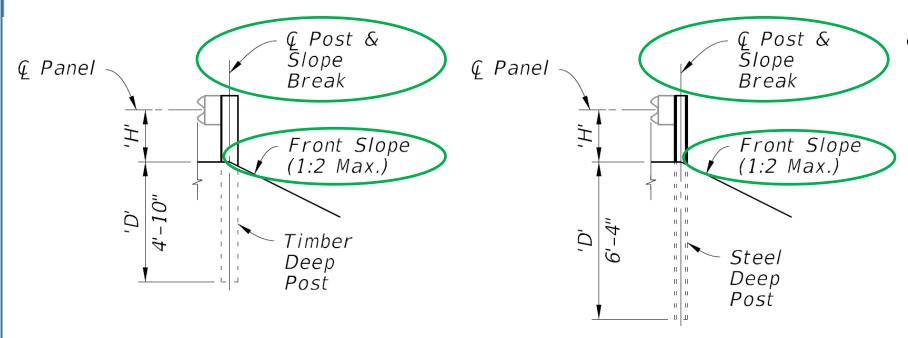
Unless??...

TYPICAL GRADING & PAVT. PLACEMENT DETAIL





Grading: 'Deep Post' Requirements



If 'Deep Post'
is called for,
slope break
may be located at
Center Line of post

SLOPE BREAK CONDITION TIMBER DEEP POST SLOPE BREAK CONDITION STEEL DEEP POST

Note: Unique Pay Item 536-7-1

• *STILL,* Front slope must be 1:2 or flatter



End GR.

Terminal

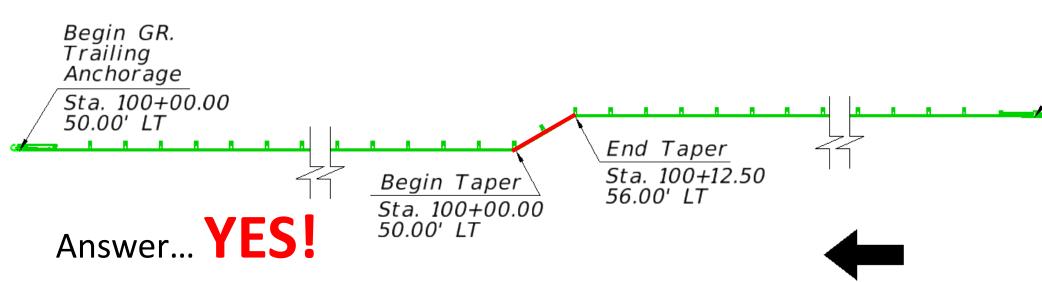
56.00' LT

TL-3 Parallel

Sta. 103+00.00



Shoulder Widens: Any issue here?



- "Taper Rate" requirement is violated
- Per Standard Plans Instructions (SPI), Part I:
 - Design Speed ≤ 45 mph requires 1:10 Max.
 - Design Speed > 45mph requires 1:15 Max.

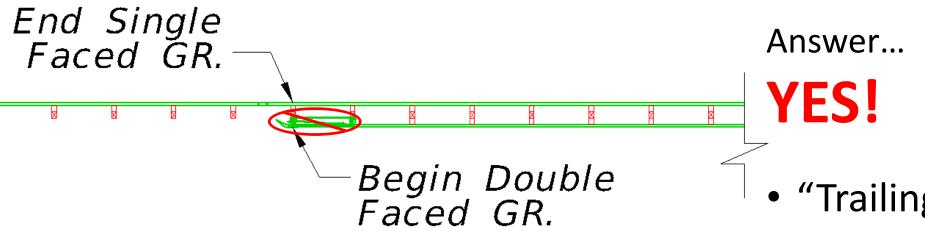






Single Face to Double Face: Any Issue?





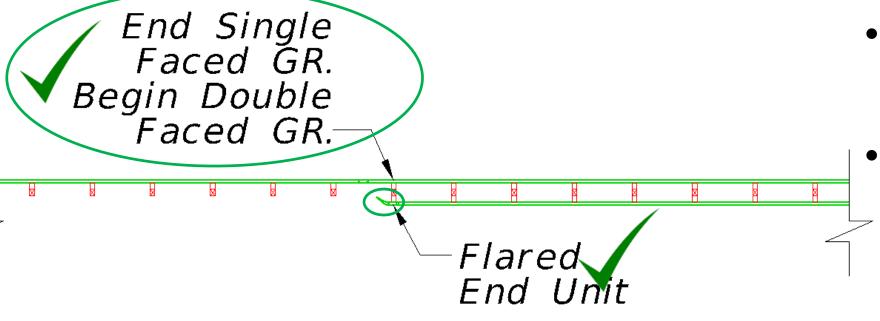
Index 536-001 does <u>not</u> show this as a Trailing Anchorage scenario, and the details are not compatible or required.

"Trailing
 Anchorage"
 Standard is not used here
 (not detailed this way)





Single Face to Double Face: Solution



Call for a Standard "Flared End Unit" (included with General Guardrail Pay Item).

More guidance provided in next year's eBook!

- No "Trailing Anchorage"
- Just call out Begin and End of guardrail types (on face closest to traveled way)



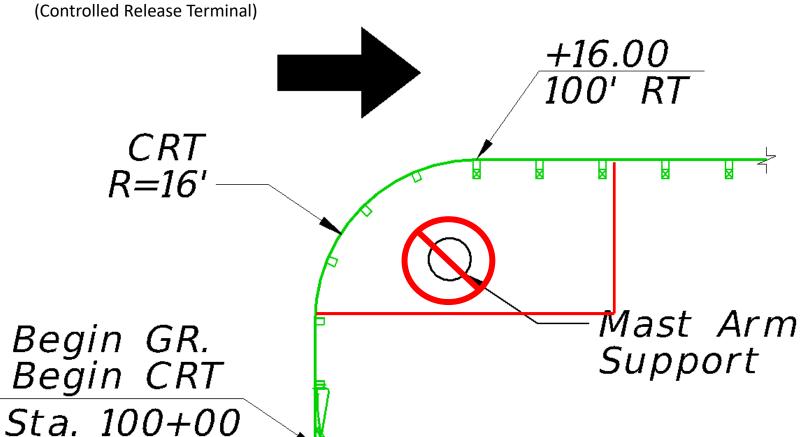


128.5' RT

Guardrail, Index 536-001, Sheets 11 & 12

CRT System (Radial): Any issue here?





Answer...

YES!

First Issue:

Obstruction is in the "Clear Area Limit" per Standard Plans.







CRT System (Radial):



First Issue:

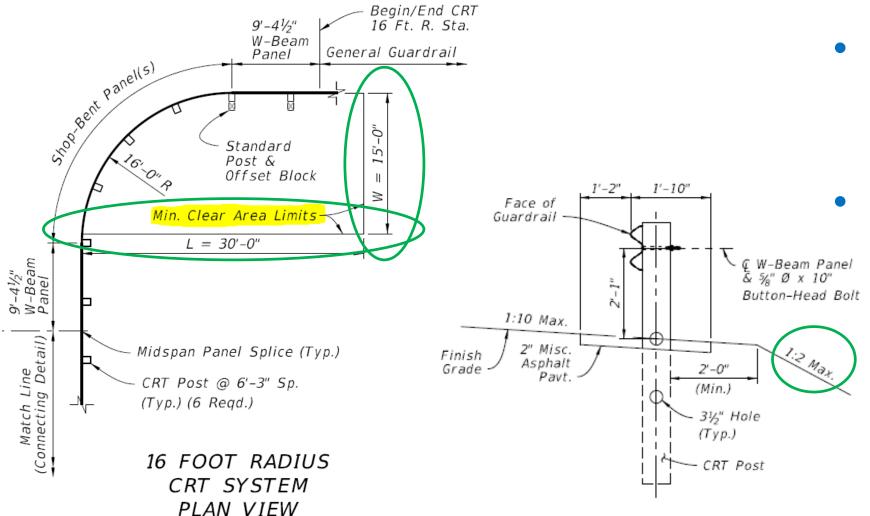
Obstruction is in the "Clear Area Limit" per Standard Plans.

Photo Credit: Bill Fitzgerald, PE KLS Engineering, LLC





CRT System (Radial): From Standard Plans...



"Clear Area"Required (15'x30')

• "Clear Area" is

free of

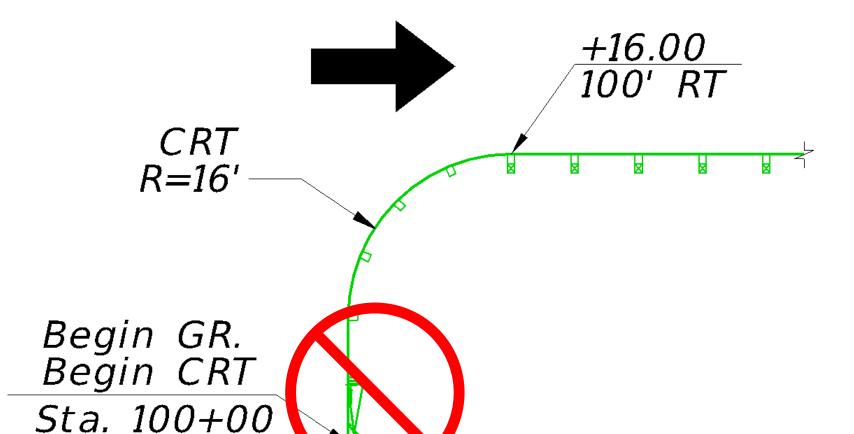
obstructions and
has 1:2 Slope Max



128.5' RT

Guardrail, Index 536-001, Sheets 11 & 12

CRT System (Radial): Any other issue here



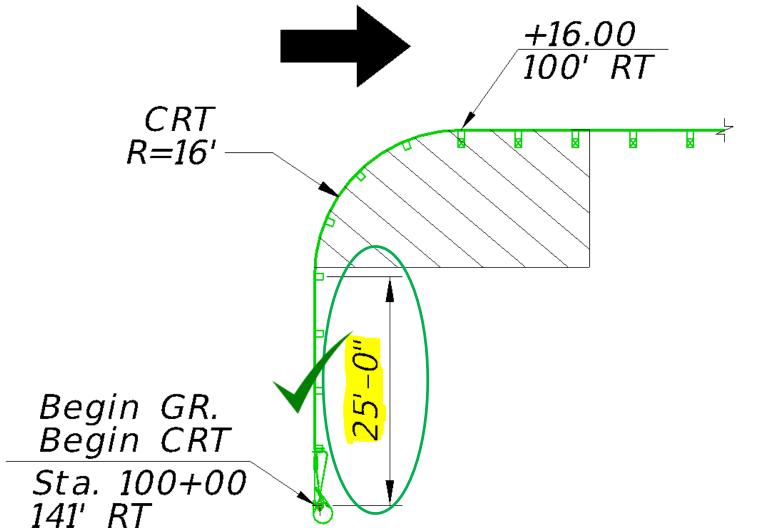
Requires <u>25-foot</u> <u>linear</u> End Treatment Per Standard Plans

(12'-6" Shown)





CRT System (Radial): Per Standard Plans...



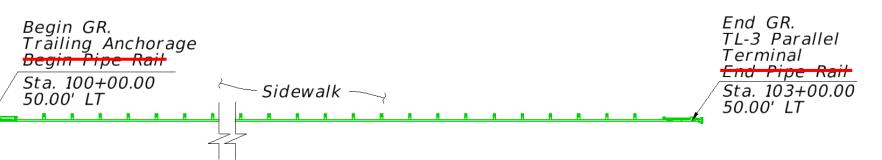
- <u>25-foot linear</u> End
 Treatment required
- If this is not possible due limited space, use a 'variation' for General Radial Guardrail (Not CRT) (No breakaway posts)



Pipe Rail Callouts: Any issue here?

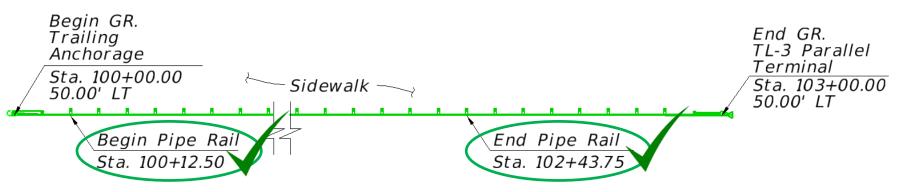


Answer... YES!



Pipe Rail must terminate outside of End Treatments per SPI Part E and Standard Plans

Solution:







Rigid Barrier Connections, End Shielding:



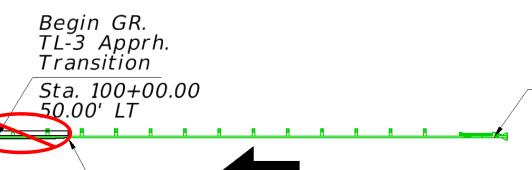




Rigid Barrier Connection: Any Issue Here







End

Concrete Barrier End GR. TL-3 Parallel Terminal Sta. 100+90.13 50.00' LT

≈13 foot overlap with barrier is no longer Standard!

(Overlap now only 7¼" Since FY2017-18 Standards, for new, single-faced guardrail)





Begin/End Guardrail Sta.

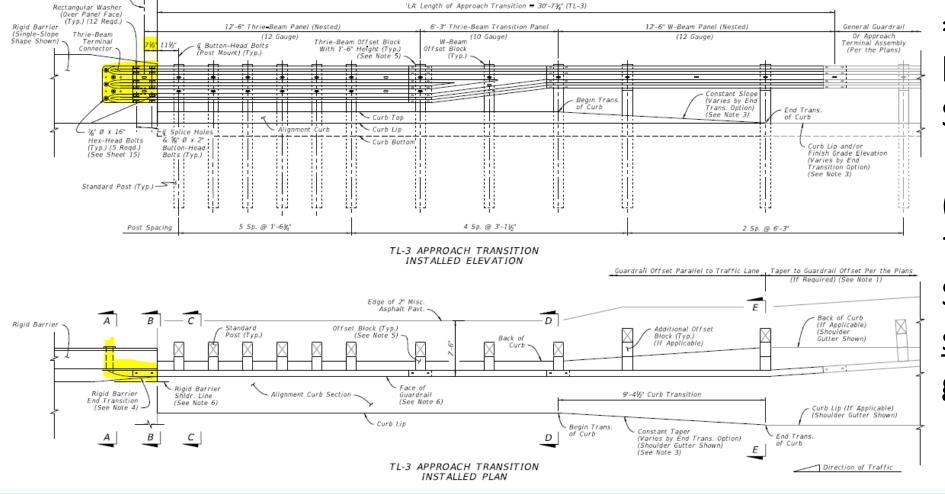
Begin/End Rigid

Barrier Sta.

Guardrail, Index 536-001, Sheets 13-15

____ Direction of Traffic

Rigid Barrier Connection:



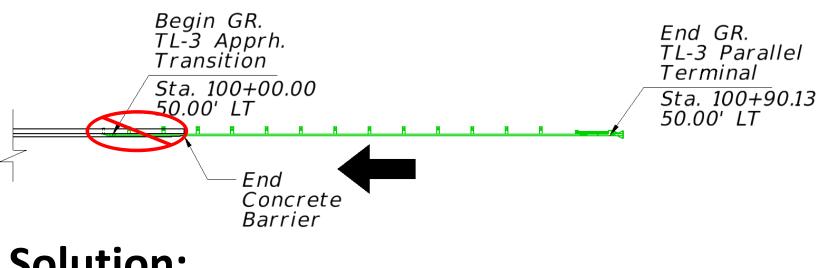
≈13 foot overlap with barrier is no longer Standard!

(Overlap now only 7¼" Since FY2017-18 Standards, for new, single-faced guardrail)



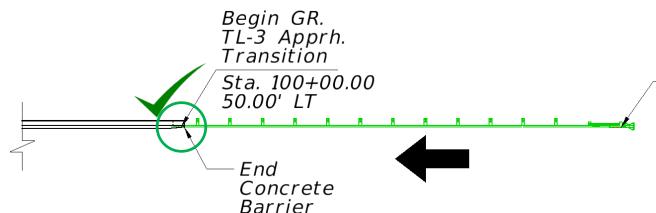


Rigid Barrier Connection:



≈13 foot overlap with barrier is no longer Standard!

Solution:



End GR. TL-3 Parallel Terminal Sta. 100+84.38 50.00' LT

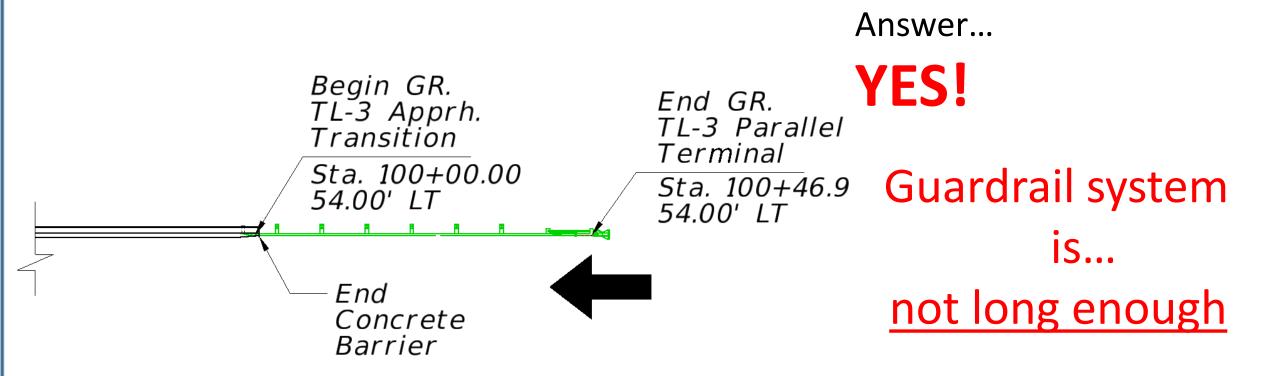
(Overlap now only 7¼" Since FY2017-18 Standards, for new, single-faced guardrail)





Rigid Barrier Connection: Any issue here



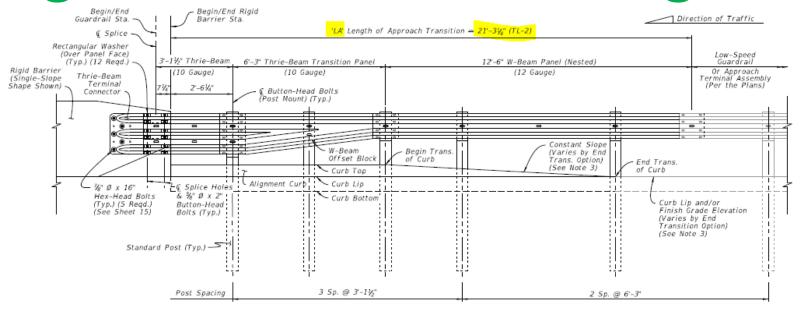


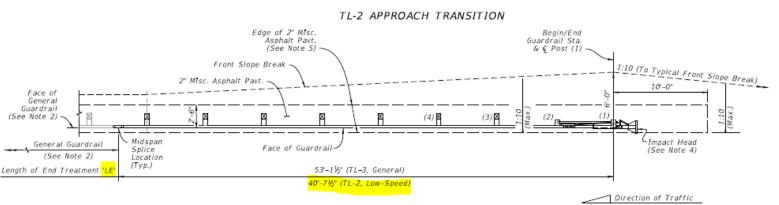
Minimum Length is Length of Approach Transition Connection 'LA' plus Length of End Treatment 'LE'





Rigid Barrier End Shielding: Min Length, <u>TL-2</u>





APPROACH TERMINAL ASSEMBLY 'PARALLEL' SEGMENT - PLAN VIEW +

'LA', 21.3'

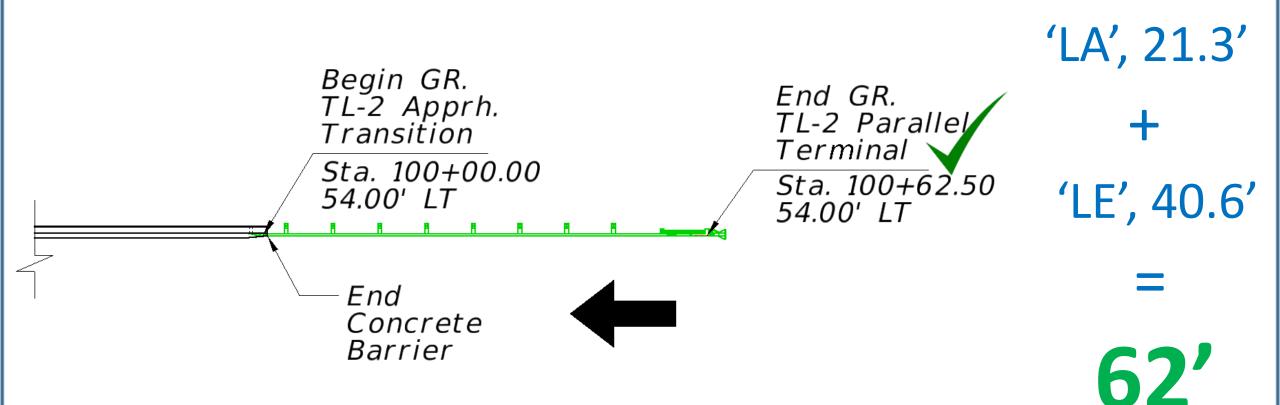
'LE', 40.6'

62'





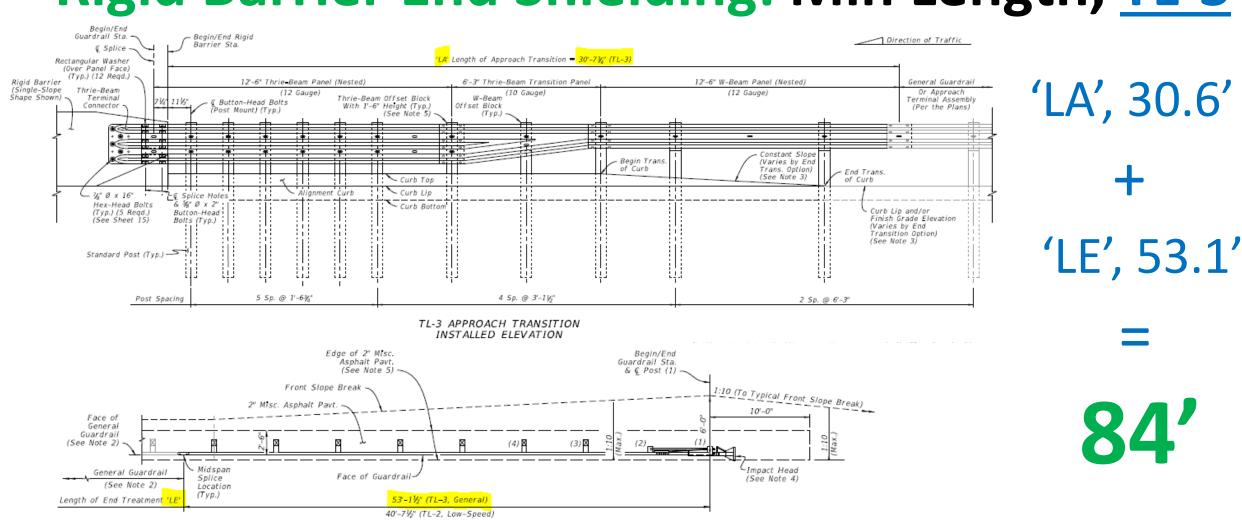
Rigid Barrier End Shielding: Min Length, <u>TL-2</u>







Rigid Barrier End Shielding: Min Length, <u>TL-3</u>

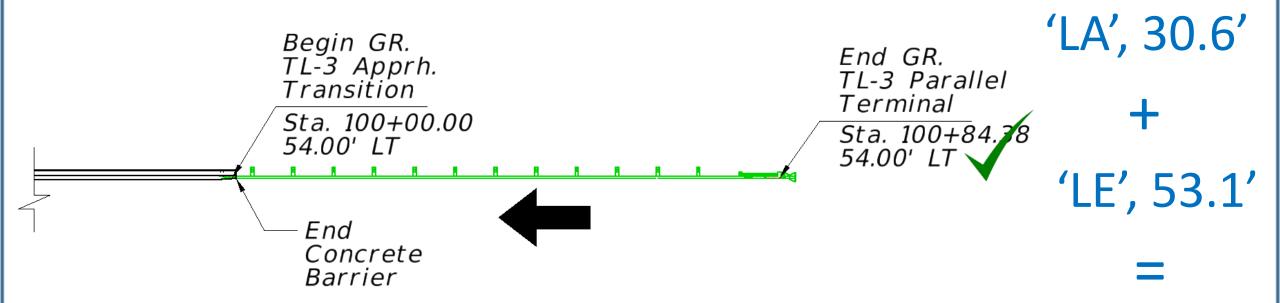


Direction of Traffic

APPROACH TERMINAL ASSEMBLY 'PARALLEL' SEGMENT - PLAN VIEW



Rigid Barrier End Shielding: Min Length, <u>TL-3</u>



NOTE: If these lengths are not possible due to limited space, consider the use of a Crash Cushion or a project-specific 'variation' to fit the best barrier system possible.

Contact Central Office for assistance.

84'





Approach Terminals





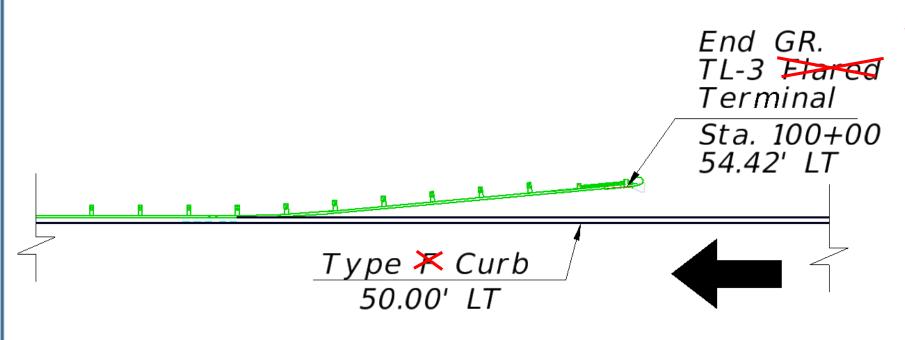






Approach Terminals: Any issues here?





Answer...

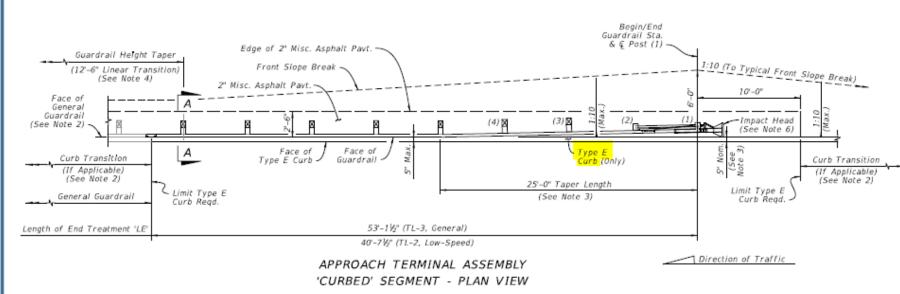
YES!

- 1. Flared terminals not permitted per RDB 18-02
- 2. Curbed conditions require <u>parallel</u>
 Approach Terminals per Standard Plans & SPI Part C

3. Approach Terminals require 'Type E' Curb

Approach Terminals:

From Standard Plans...



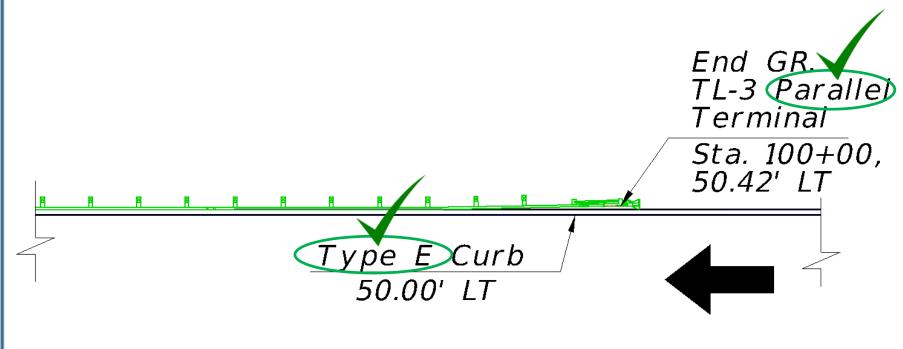
3. Approach Terminals require 'Type E' Curb

- 1. Flared terminals not permitted per RDB 18-02
- 72. Curbed conditions require <u>parallel</u>
 Approach Terminals per Standard Plans & SPI Part C

FDOT



Approach Terminals: Solution



1. Flared terminals not permitted per RDB 18-02

2. Curbed conditions require <u>parallel</u>
Approach Terminals per Standard Plans

3. Approach Terminals require 'Type E' Curb





Approach Terminals: Any issues here?



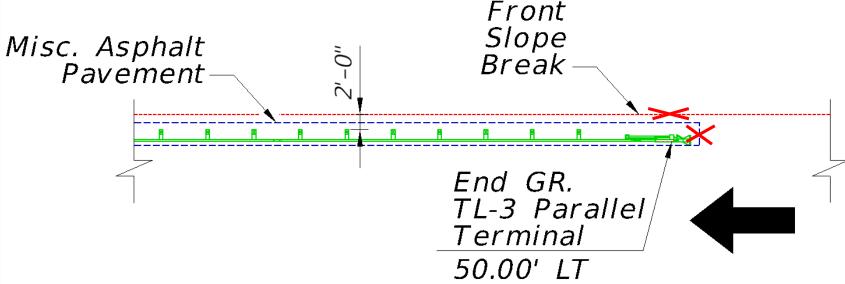




<u>First issue...</u>

Front slope break should be **6 feet** behind guardrail face at post 1 per the Standards (1:10 Max.)

Second issue...

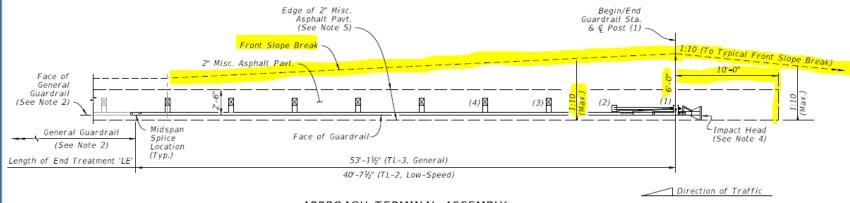






Approach Terminals:

From Standard Plans...



APPROACH TERMINAL ASSEMBLY 'PARALLEL' SEGMENT - PLAN VIEW

First issue...

Front slope break should be **6 feet** behind guardrail face at post 1 per the Standards (1:10 Min.)

Second issue...





Approach Terminals:



Example of Poor Slope Break Location (and steep slope <u>not</u> shielded!)

First issue...

Front slope break should be **6 feet** behind guardrail face at post 1 per the Standards (1:10 Min.)

Second issue...





Approach Terminals:



Example of Poor Grading (The reason for Misc. Asphalt requirement!)

First issue...

Front slope break should be **6 feet** behind guardrail face at post 1 per the Standards (1:10 Min.)

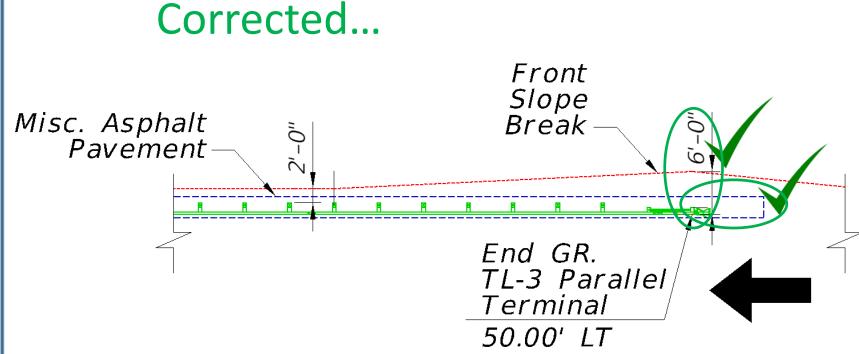
Second issue...







Approach Terminals: Solution



First issue...

Front slope break should be **6 feet** behind guardrail face at post 1 per the Standards (1:10 Min.)

Second issue...

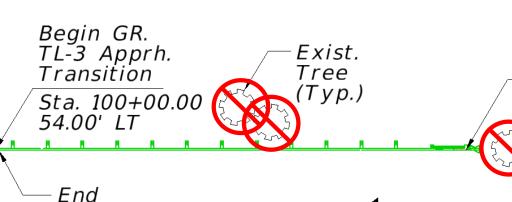




Approach Terminals: Any issues here?



Answer... YES! Wrong.



Concrete

Barrier

End GR. TL-3 Parallel Terminal Sta. 100+84.38 54.00' LT

First issue...

Trees are within the Approach Terminal's clear area in the Standard Plans (where a clear, 1:10 slope required)

Second issue...

Tree violates barrier setback per FDM Table 215.4.2



Approach Terminals: Any issues here?

Answer... YES! Wrong.



First issue...

Trees are within the Approach Terminal's clear area in the Standard Plans (where a clear, 1:10 slope required)

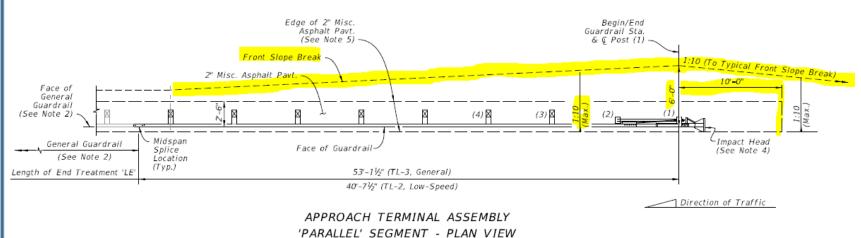
Second issue...

Tree violates barrier setback per FDM Table 215.4.2



Approach Terminals:

From Standard Plans...



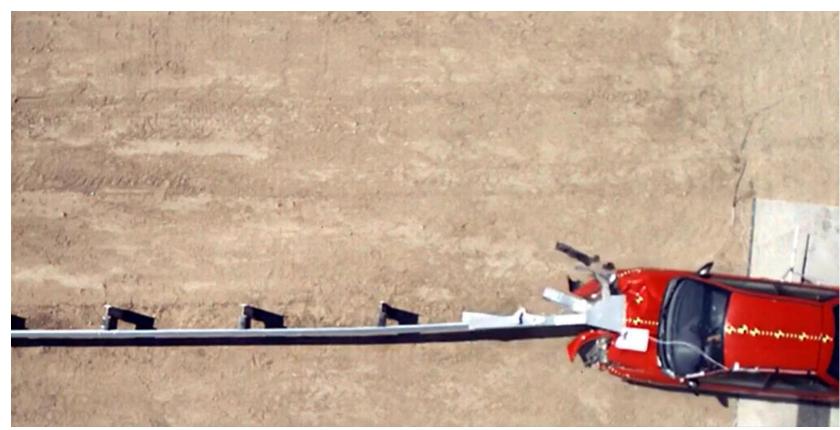
First issue...

Trees are within the Approach Terminal's clear area in the Standard Plans (where a clear, 1:10 slope required)





Approach Terminals:



First issue...

Trees are within the Approach Terminal's clear area in the Standard Plans (where a clear, 1:10 slope required)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7tct7Oo9-8&feature=youtu.be

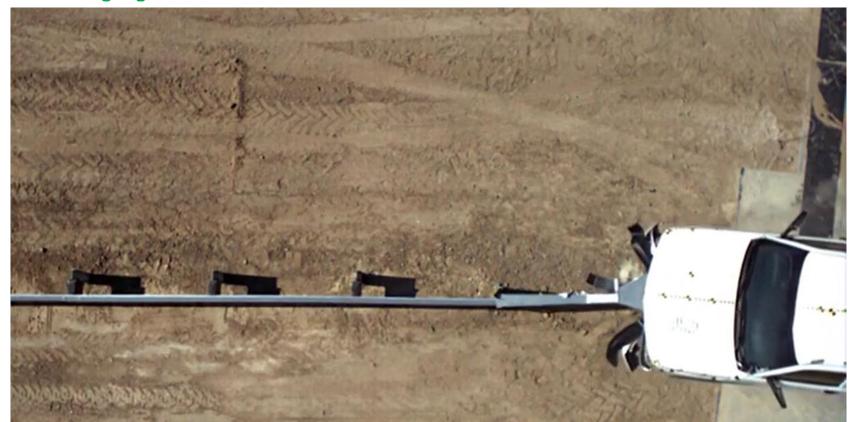
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OsKlfatcjog&feature=youtu.be

CREDIT: VIRGINIA DOT – SKT Crash Test Published October 2016





Approach Terminals:



First issue...

Trees are within the Approach Terminal's clear area in the Standard Plans (where a clear, 1:10 slope required)

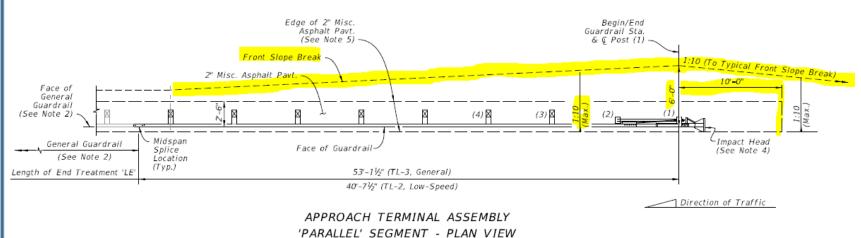
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=74ImLTY-PhU&feature=youtu.be





Approach Terminals:

From Standard Plans...



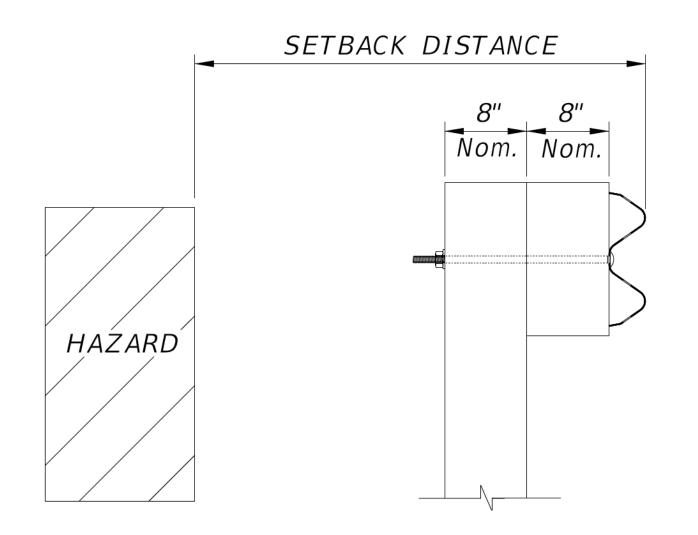
First issue...

Trees are within the Approach Terminal's clear area in the Standard Plans (where a clear, 1:10 slope required)





Guardrail, Index 536-001



Second issue...

Tree violates barrier setback per FDM Table 215.4.2



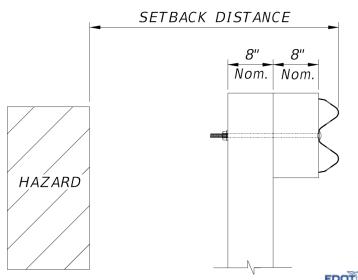
From FDM...

Table 215.4.2 Minimum Barrier Setback (Measured from the face of the barrier)

Barrier Type	Setback Distance
Flexible Barrier	
High Tension Cable Barrier (HTCB)	12 feet, 0 inches
Semi-Rigid Barrier	
W-Beam with Post Spacing @ 6 feet, 3 inches (TL-3)	5 feet, 0 inches
W-Beam with Post Spacing @ 12 feet, 6 inches (TL-2)	5 feet, 0 inches
W-Beam with Post Spacing @ 3 feet, 1.5 inches (1/2 Spacing)	3 feet, 10 inches
W-Beam with Post Spacing @ 1 foot, 6.75 inches (1/4 Spacing)	3 feet, 2 inches

Second issue...

Tree violates barrier setback per FDM Table 215.4.2

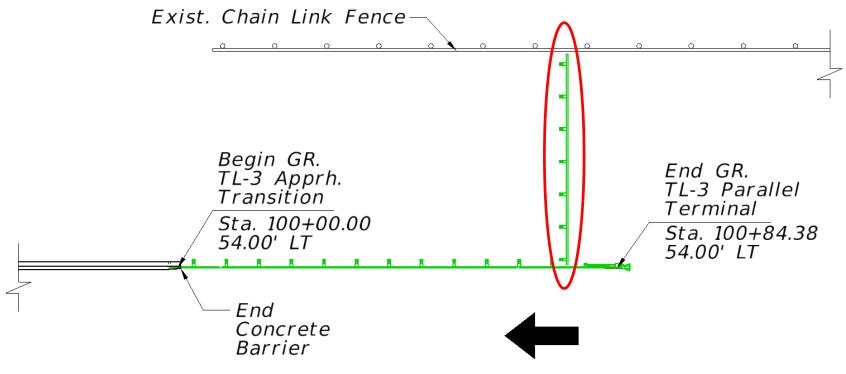




Approach Terminals: Any issue here?



Answer... YES! Wrong.



First issue...

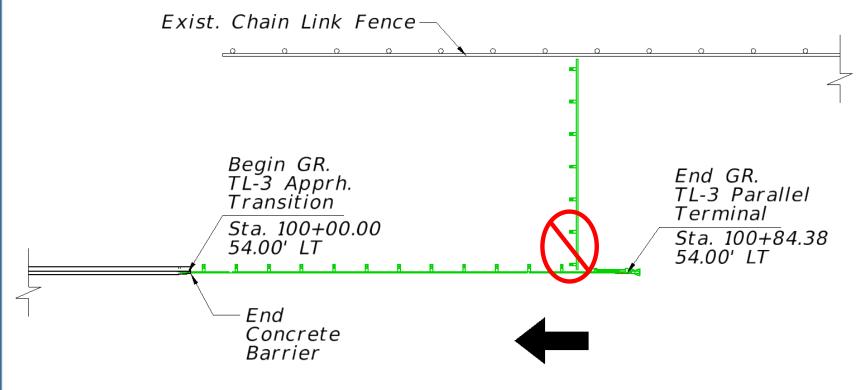
Perpendicular guardrail is not proven crashworthy:

- No end treatments
- Violates "taper rate" requirements of SPI, Part I (big time).
- Requires shielding if within Clear Zone





Approach Terminals: Any issue here?

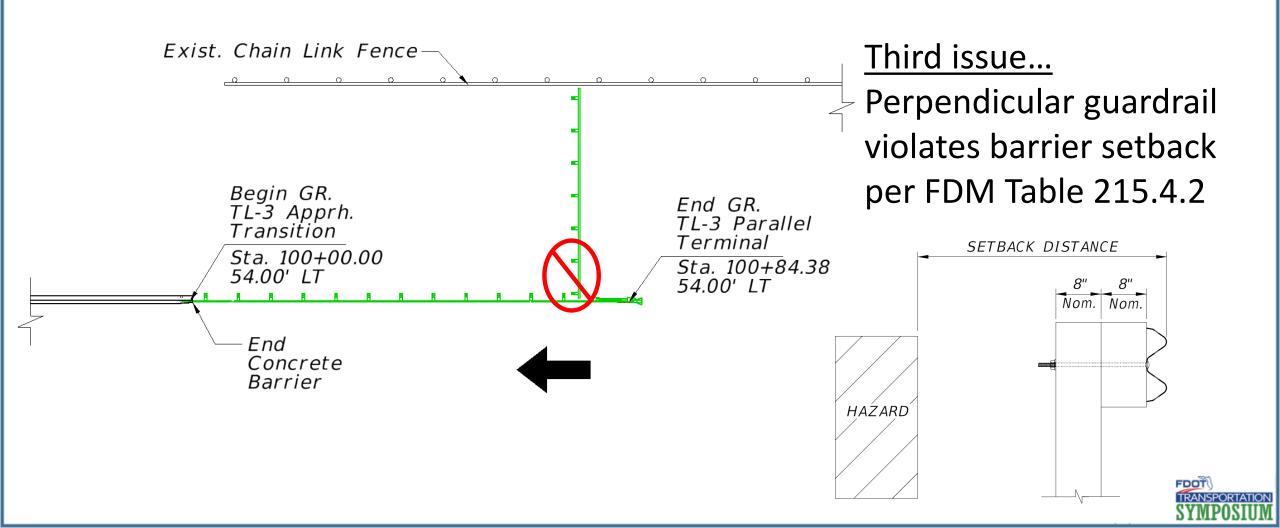


Second issue...

Perpendicular guardrail within the Approach Terminal's clear area in the Standard Plans (where a clear, 1:10 slope required)

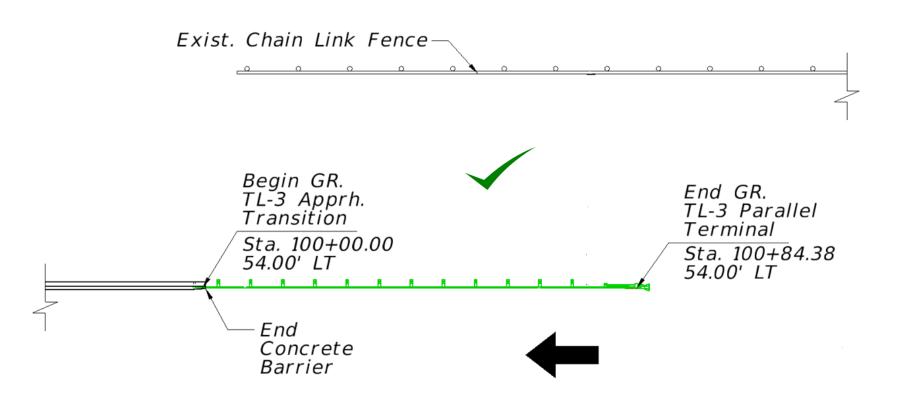








Approach Terminals: Solution 1



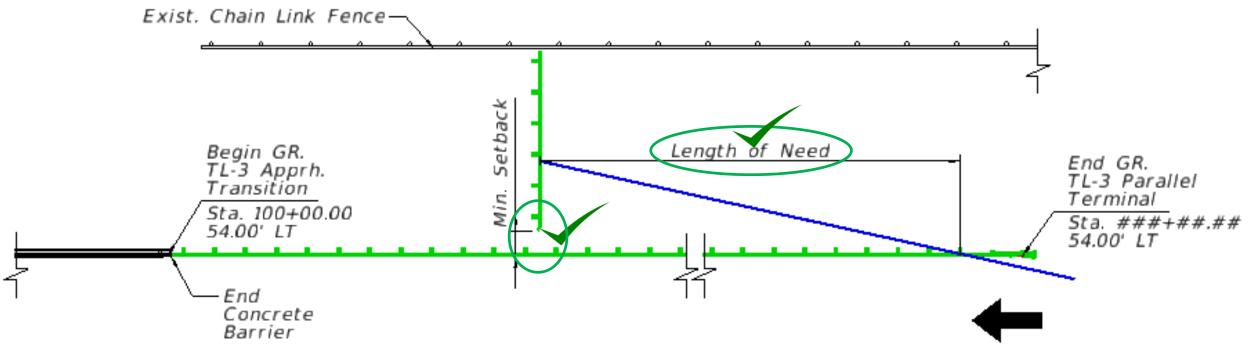
REMOVE the perpendicular Guardrail!

Or...





Approach Terminals: Solution 2



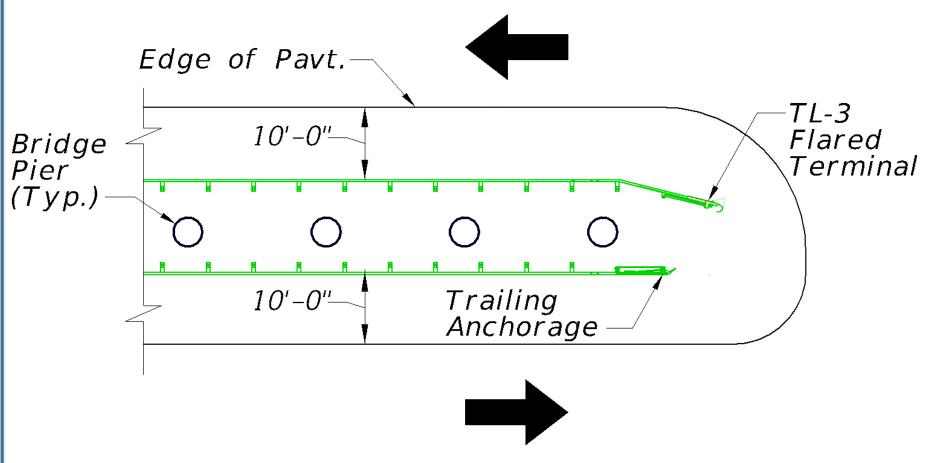
- 1. Extend Guardrail to meet <u>Length of Need</u> per SPI Part B (Excel 'Design Tool'), which is Roadside Design Guide Eq. 5-3
- 2. Meet minimum barrier setback per FDM Table 215.4.2 (5 feet for general guardrail)







Approach Terminals: Final Case Study!



Assumptions:

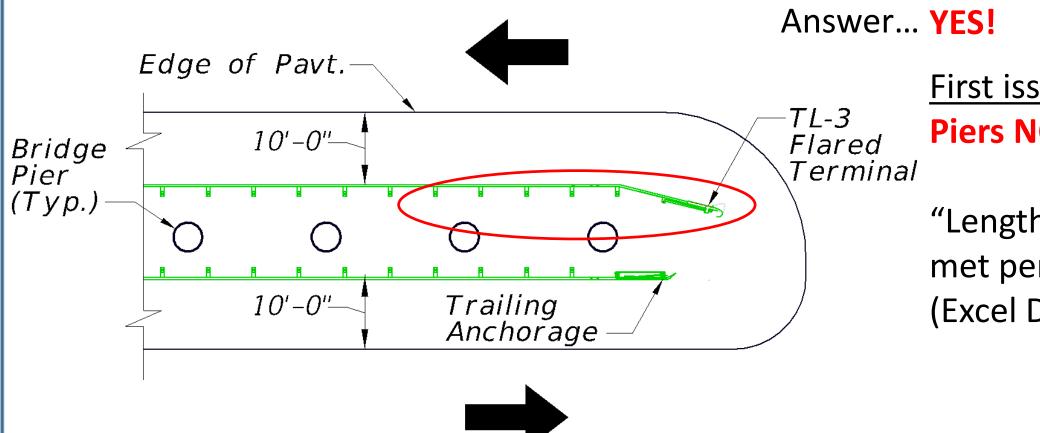
- Design Speed:50 mph
 - Piers designed to withstand 600 kip impact load per FDM215.4.5.4 (Pier Protection Barrier not Required)











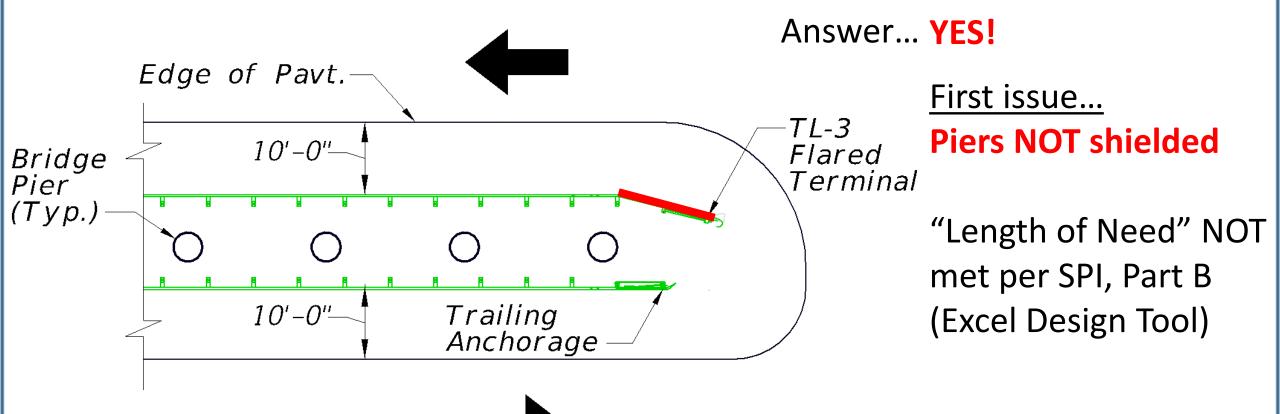
First issue...

Piers NOT shielded!

"Length of Need" NOT met per SPI, Part B (Excel Design Tool)



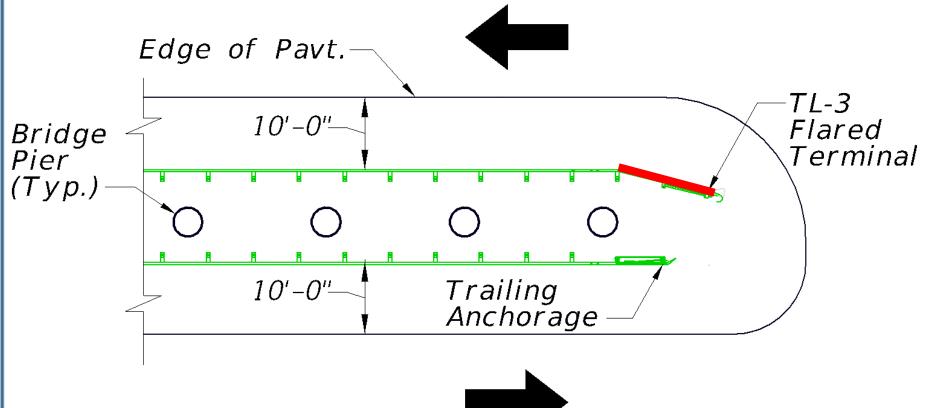




Piers are behind the "gating" (break-away) portion of Approach Terminal







Second issue...

Flared Terminal usage on hold per RDB18-02

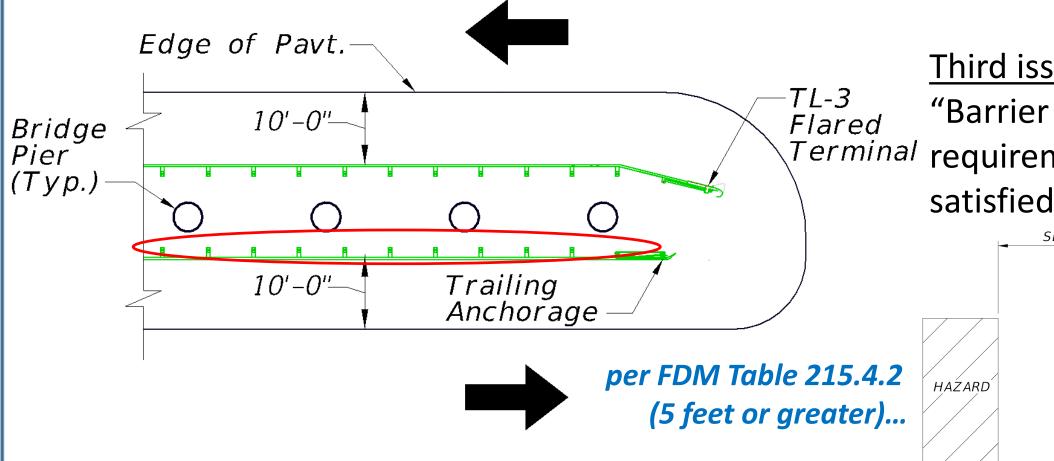
Regardless...

"Taper Rate" too steep here at Approach Terminal (about 1:3 shown)

Guardrail requires 1:15 Max Taper Rate per SPI, Part I

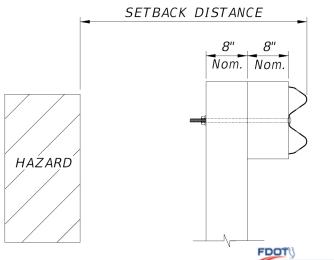




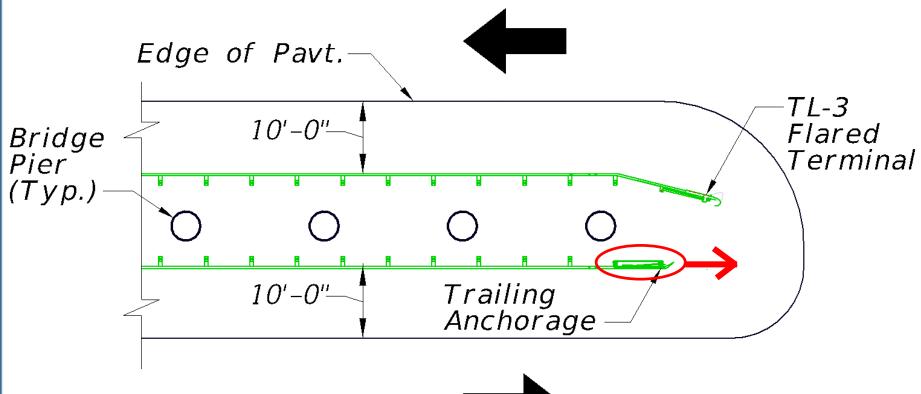


Third issue...

"Barrier Setback" requirement likely not

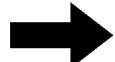






Fourth issue...

"Trailing Anchorage" not properly extended downstream of hazard

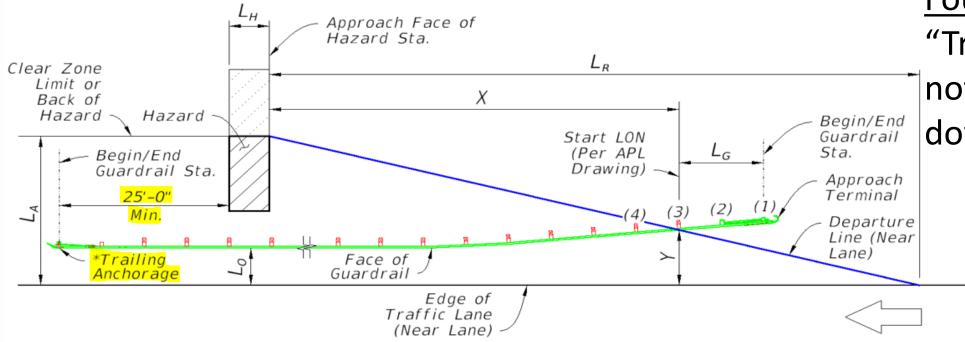


25-foot Requirement, SPI C.1 & 'LON' Design Tool (Excel)...









Fourth issue...

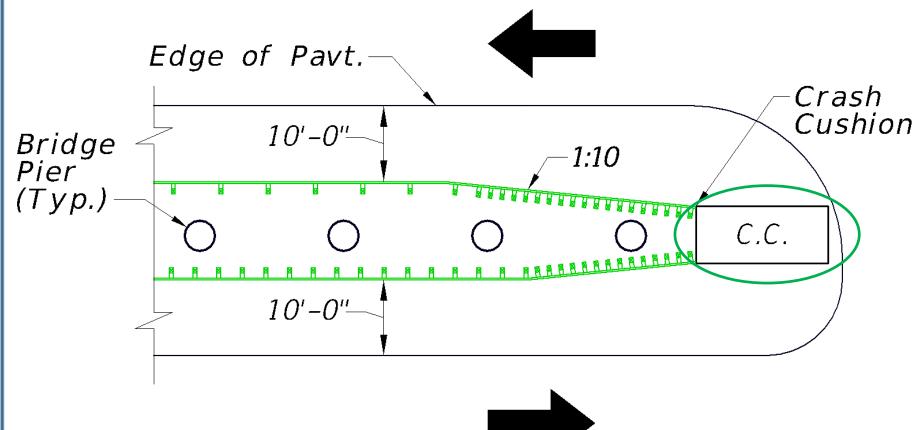
"Trailing Anchorage" not properly extended downstream of hazard

25-foot Requirement, SPI C.1 & 'LON' Design Tool (Excel)...





Approach Terminals: Solution 1



'Crash Cushion'

- "System Width" –
 'Wide' per SPI 544 001, Part C
- "Length Restriction"
 per SPI 544-001,
 Part F
- Contact Central Office for guidance!

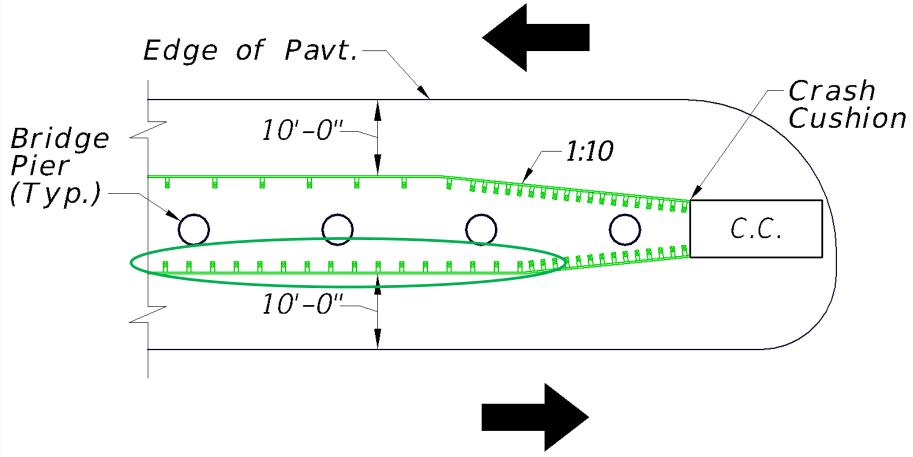
Note: Define Crash Cushion with provided CADD cell... "Summary of Permanent Crash Cushions Table"







Approach Terminals: Solution 1



'Crash Cushion'

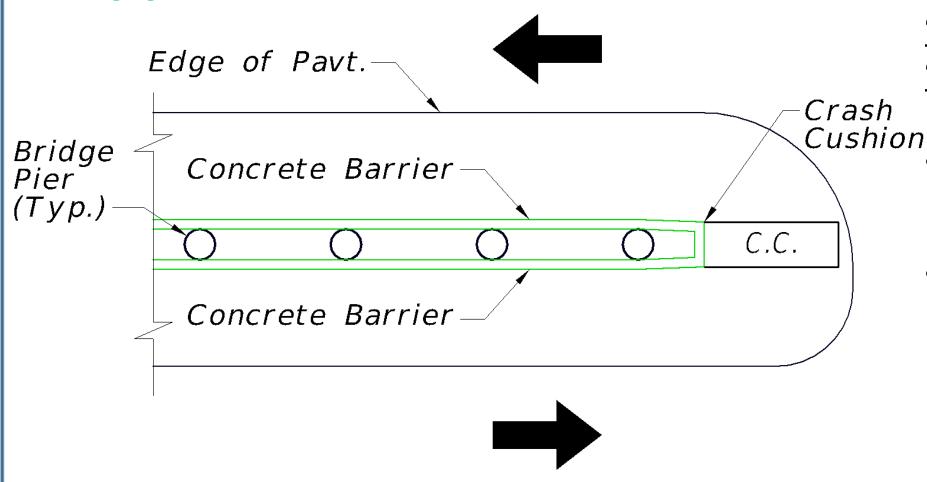
- Guardrail "reduced post spacing" to reduce required hazard setback per FDM Table 215.4.2.
- Again, contact
 Central Office for
 guidance for such
 limited space





Concrete Barrier, Index 521-001; Crash Cushion 544-001

Approach Terminals: Solution 2



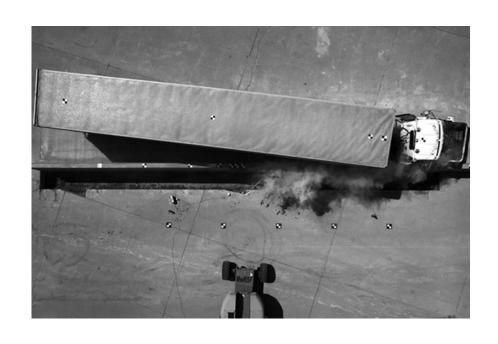
'Concrete Barrier' & 'Crash Cushion'

- Requires projectspecific design
- Contact Central
 Office for guidance
 for such limited
 space



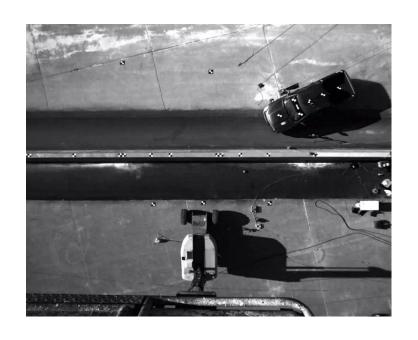


Standard Plans: Single-Slope Barriers









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Standard Plans Engineer

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richard.stepp@dot.state.fl.us

